

#### Ed Gully, P.E. Director, Division of Engineering and Buildings November 18, 2014



- Topics:
  - VPPA Reform
    - SOA Procedures for CM at Risk
    - GCPay
    - Enjoinment & Debarment
    - JOC
    - Small Business Procedures
    - Architect/Engineer Procurements



### Study of the Virginia Public Procurement Act (VPPA)

- 2 Workgroups:
  - Group 1: Construction and Design Professionals
  - Group 2: IT, Goods, Other Professional Services, & Nonprofessional Services
- Timeline:
  - Workgroups met: May October 2014
  - Special Joint General Laws Subcommittee meets: November/December 2014
  - General Assembly review: 2015 session
  - Implement any changes: July 1, 2015 (FY 2016)

#### • Topics include:

 VPPA "foundation," "enforcement," cooperative procurements, Job Order Contracting, use of CM@Risk



- Topics:
  - VPPA Reform
  - SOA Procedures for CM at Risk
    - GCPay
    - Enjoinment & Debarment
    - JOC
    - Small Business Procedures
    - Architect/Engineer Procurements



#### Construction Management (CM) at Risk: Review of Secretary of Administration (SOA) Procedures/Process

- **Request to use CM at Risk**. Generally, intended for large (>\$10M), complex projects with accelerated schedules.
- Identify evaluation committee which includes: minimum of 3 from agency, a BCOM representative, and possibly an OAG representative
- Select the Construction Manager (CM):
  - CM selected <u>no later than schematic design</u> to realize benefits of constructability and value engineering reviews concurrent with design development
  - Step 1, prequalification via RFQ. Include justifications for use of CM at Risk in RFQ.
    Output = short list of 2-5 offerors who demonstrate the "greatest conformance with RFQ requirements."
  - Step 2, RFP; evaluate/rank proposals. Conduct negotiations with two or more offerors submitting the highest ranked proposals OR if only one offer is fully qualified or clearly more highly qualified, negotiate/award with that offeror
  - Lesson learned: ensure that "general conditions" requirements are clear and understood by all to ensure fair selection and to avoid potential duplicative costs when GMP established several months later



#### Construction Management (CM) at Risk: Review of Secretary of Administration (SOA) Procedures/Process

- Guaranteed maximum price (GMP) generally set at completion of working drawings. Lesson learned: closely scrutinize GMP for potential duplicative "general conditions" costs.
- Cannot agree on GMP?
  - Contract for phase 1 (pre-construction services) concluded
  - <u>After review by DEB</u>, either:
    - Use competitive sealed bidding with pre-qualified CMs (most likely) OR
    - Entertain a GMP from the other pre-qualified CMs

#### Full SOA procedures located on the BCOM website:

http://dgs.virginia.gov/DivisionofEngineeringandBuildings/BCOM/CMandD esignBuild/tabid/1249/Default.aspx



- Topics:
  - VPPA Reform
  - SOA Procedures for CM at Risk
- 🔶 GCPay
  - Enjoinment & Debarment
  - JOC
  - Small Business Procedures
  - Architect/Engineer Procurements



# GCPay

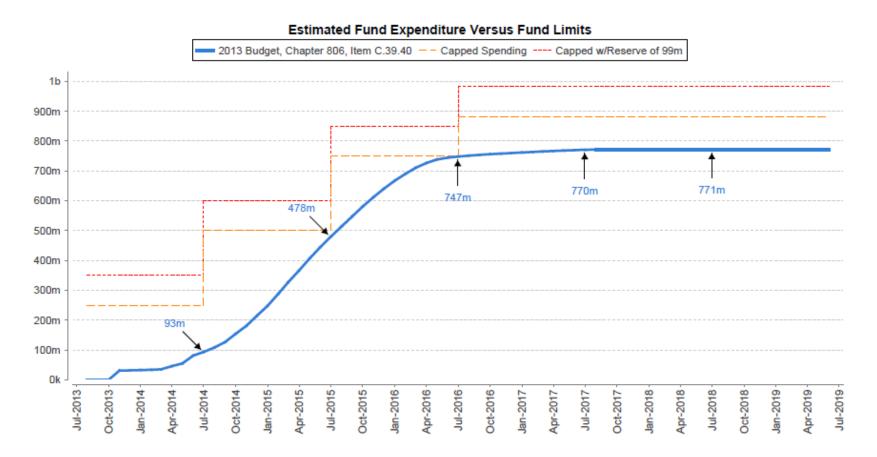
- Mandatory for all pool-funded projects, but critical for those funded for construction in Chapter 806 pool (1 Jul 13)
- Electronic CO-12 (Schedule of Values / Applications for Payment)
- Use to review and approve A/E and GC invoices
- Our current/primary focus: estimate Chapter 806 expenditures
- Understand challenges with entering soft costs other than A/E services



#### **GCPay** Chapter 806, Projects APPROVED

(as of 10/22/14)

2013 Budget, Chapter 806, Item C.39.40





- Topics:
  - VPPA Reform
  - SOA Procedures for CM at Risk
  - GCPay
- Enjoinment & Debarment
  - JOC
  - Small Business Procedures
  - Architect/Engineer Procurements



Commonwealth of Virginia Department of General Services

# **ENJOINMENT and DEBARMENT**



**DEB Notice 072011** (Effective: 7/12/2011)

Department of General Services Debarment and Enjoinment Procedures for Construction

Procedures online: www.dgs.virginia.gov



### **Reasons for ENJOINMENT: Section III. A.**

- 1. Failure to meet SWaM requirements
- 2. Delinquency in excess of 10%
- 3. Unwillingness or inability to fulfill contract
- 4. Commencing construction activities prior to issuance of a building permit



### **Reasons for DEBARMENT: Section IV. A:**

#### **1.** Performance and related causes:

- a. Breach of contract with the Commonwealth
- b. Stating an unwillingness or inability to honor a binding bid
- c. Falsifying or misrepresenting manufacturer's specs
- d. Use of abusive or obscene language or threat
- e. Delaying construction completion by failing to correct work



### **Reasons for DEBARMENT: Section IV. A,**

(continued):

#### 2. Non-performance related causes:

- a. Proof of involvement in any criminal offense involving public contracting.
- b. Conviction of any offenses indicating a lack of moral, ethical, or business integrity.
- c. Conferring or offering to confer any gift, gratuity, favor, or advantage, present or future.
- d. Failing to disclose a condition constituting a conflict of interest.
- e. Sale of building materials by an independent contractor employed to provide A/E services, but not construction.



# Reasons for DEBARMENT: Section IV. A,

(continued):

- **2. Non-performance related causes** (*continued*):
  - f. Sale of building materials by the design professional to the contractor.
  - g. Sale of goods to the COV when debarred.
  - h. Court judgment finding a violation of antitrust law.
  - i. Failure to pay re-procurement costs due to termination for default.
  - j. Enjoinment may be converted to debarment if the contractor continues with construction without a building permit.



- Topics:
  - VPPA Reform
  - SOA Procedures for CM at Risk
  - GCPay
  - Enjoinment & Debarment
  - → JOC
    - Small Business Procedures
    - Architect/Engineer Procurements



### **JOB ORDER CONTRACTING (JOC)**

- **Goal:** To provide an easy to use, cost-efficient means to execute minor repairs and limited renovations in a timely manner
- **Procurement Concept** (~ to an Indefinite Delivery , Indefinite Quantity contract):
  - Step 1: select a Unit Price Book and associated software
  - Step 2: select JOC general contractor(s)
  - Step 3: Issue Job Orders to JOC general contractor (ie, apply JOC general contractor's "price multiplier/coefficient" to the items in the unit price book) to execute the construction
- VPPA limit for state agencies (1 Jul 14): \$400k/project (job order), \$2M per term, "base term/year" + 4 possible extensions (5 terms total) per contract
- Limited A/E services may be obtained using JOC job order as a "mini-design build" project/concept; however, stand-alone A/E services may not be obtained via JOC.
- **DEB state-wide contracts/JOC capability**. Step 1 underway. Step 2 to follow.



- Topics:
  - VPPA Reform
  - SOA Procedures for CM at Risk
  - GCPay
  - Enjoinment & Debarment
  - JOC
  - Small Business Procedures
    - Architect/Engineer Procurements



#### **SMALL BUSINESS PROCEDURES**

- Executive Order 20 (22 Jul 14), which applies to "executive branch agencies," includes these key changes/highlights:
  - 40% small business aspirational goal increased to 42%
  - Micro business (no more than 25 employees AND no more than \$3M/year in average annual revenue over 3 prior years) designation created
  - A small business procurement plan is required for all proposals/bids, and before final payment is made, the purchasing agency shall confirm that the contractor has certified compliance with the proposed plan
- CPSM detailed procedures are being developed to implement the Executive Order; we will concurrently streamline CPSM small purchase procedures for construction ≤100k and A/E services ≤ 50k



- Topics:
  - VPPA Reform
  - SOA Procedures for CM at Risk
  - GCPay
  - Enjoinment & Debarment
  - JOC
  - Small Business Procedures
  - Architect/Engineer Procurements



### ARCHITECT/ENGINEER (A/E) PROCUREMENTS Reminders

- "Price shopping" on A/E term contracts prohibited
- A/E term contract project order limit = 200k; don't "split" larger orders
- On large projects which will require A/E services exceeding 200k, a single project Category C procurement is required; therefore, on these large projects, limit A/E term contract work to programming only (no design)